

Student: _____
Date: _____

Instructor: Andreas Lazari
Course: Math1111-Summer2018

Assignment: Section 2.7 Homework

1. Find $f(g(x))$ and $g(f(x))$ and determine whether the pair of functions f and g are inverses of each other.

$$f(x) = 2x - 8 \text{ and } g(x) = \frac{x+8}{2}$$

If $f(g(x)) = x$ and $g(f(x)) = x$ then f and g are inverses of each other.

$$f(g(x)) = \underline{\quad \times \quad}$$

(Simplify your answer. Use integers or fractions for any numbers in the expression.)

$$f(g(x)) = 2\left(\frac{x+8}{2}\right) - 8 = x$$

$$g(f(x)) = \underline{\quad \times \quad}$$

(Simplify your answer. Use integers or fractions for any numbers in the expression.)

$$g(f(x)) = \frac{2x-8+8}{2} = \frac{2x}{2} = x$$

- f and g are inverses of each other.
 f and g are not inverses of each other.

2. Find $f(g(x))$ and $g(f(x))$ and determine whether the pair of functions f and g are inverses of each other.

$$f(x) = 2x - 7 \text{ and } g(x) = \frac{x+2}{7}$$

$$f(g(x)) = 2\left(\frac{x+2}{7}\right) - 7 = \frac{2x+4}{7} - \frac{49}{7} = \frac{2x+4-49}{7} = \frac{2x-45}{7}$$

a. $f(g(x)) = \underline{\frac{2x-45}{7}}$

(Simplify your answer. Use integers or fractions for any numbers in the expression.)

b. $g(f(x)) = \underline{\frac{2x-5}{7}}$

(Simplify your answer. Use integers or fractions for any numbers in the expression.)

$$g(f(x)) = \frac{2x-7+2}{7} = \frac{2x-5}{7}$$

- c. f and g are not inverses of each other.
 f and g are inverses of each other.

3. The function $f(x) = 8x + 2$ is one-to-one.

Find an equation for $f^{-1}(x)$, the inverse function.

$$f^{-1}(x) = \underline{\frac{x-2}{8}}$$

(Type an expression for the inverse. Use integers or fractions for any numbers in the expression.)

*$y = 8x + 2 \Rightarrow$ interchange x and y .
2. solve for y .
3. replace y with $f^{-1}(x)$.*

4. The function $f(x) = x^3 - 6$ is one-to-one.

Find an equation for $f^{-1}(x)$, the inverse function.

$$f^{-1}(x) = \underline{\sqrt[3]{x+6}}$$

(Type an expression for the inverse. Use integers or fractions for any numbers in the expression.)

$$y = x^3 - 6 \Rightarrow x = y^3 - 6 \Rightarrow y^3 = x + 6 \Rightarrow y = (x+6)^{1/3} \Rightarrow y = \sqrt[3]{x+6} \Rightarrow f^{-1}(x) = \sqrt[3]{x+6}$$

5. The function $f(x) = \frac{3}{x} + 1$, $x \neq 0$, is one-to-one.

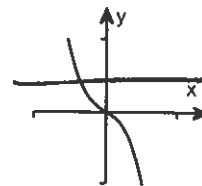
Find an equation for $f^{-1}(x)$, the inverse function.

$$f^{-1}(x) = \underline{\frac{3}{x-1}}, x \neq 0$$

(Type an expression for the inverse. Use integers for any numbers in the expression.)

$$y = \frac{3}{x} + 1 \Rightarrow x = \frac{3}{y} + 1 \Rightarrow \frac{3}{y} = x - 1 \Rightarrow y(x-1) = 3(1) \Rightarrow y(x-1) = 3 \Rightarrow \frac{y(x-1)}{x-1} = \frac{3}{x-1} \Rightarrow y = \frac{3}{x-1}; x \neq 0$$

6. Does the graph represent a function that has an inverse?

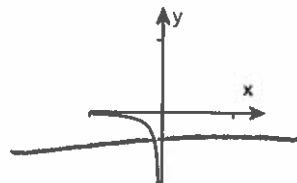


Choose the correct answer below.

Yes

No

7. Does the graph represent a function that has an inverse?

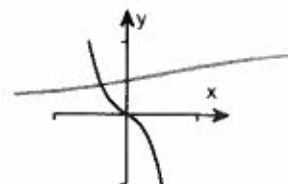


Choose the correct answer below.

No

Yes

8. Does the graph represent a function that has an inverse?

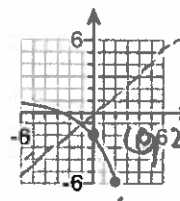


Choose the correct answer below.

Yes

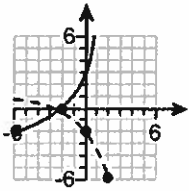
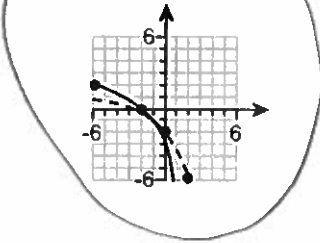
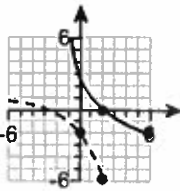
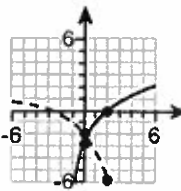
No

9. Use the graph of f to draw the graph of its inverse function.



on the graph of the inverse function this point is $(2,0)$
 $(-6,2)$

Choose the correct graph of the inverse function f^{-1} below. The graph of f is dashed in each of the choices.

- A. 
 B. 
 C. 
 D. 

10. For the function $f(x) = 3x - 4$ determine whether $f(x)$ is one-to-one. If so, find a formula for the inverse, give the domain and the range for f^{-1} , and then graph both functions on the same axes.

Is $f(x)$ a one-to-one function?

- No
 Yes

The inverse function is $f^{-1} = \frac{x+4}{3}$.

$$y = 3x - 4$$

$$\Rightarrow x = \frac{y+4}{3} \Rightarrow 3x = y+4$$

$$\Rightarrow y = \frac{x+4}{3}$$

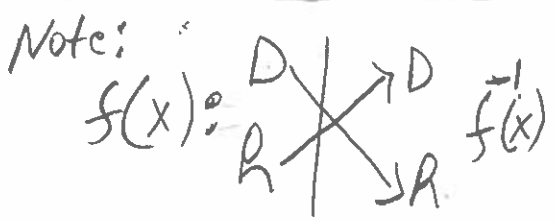
or $f^{-1}(x) = \frac{x+4}{3}$

Choose the correct domain below.

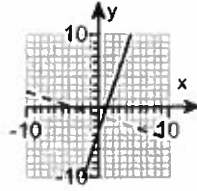
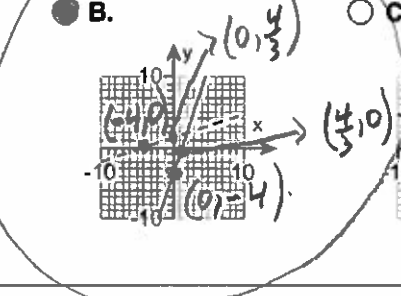
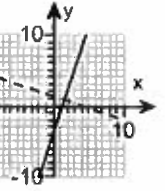
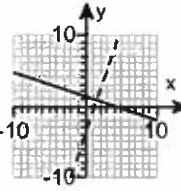
- A. $(-\infty, \infty)$
 B. $[-\infty, \infty]$
 C. $(-\infty, 0)$
 D. $(0, -\infty)$

Choose the correct range below.

- A. $(-\infty, 0)$
 B. $(-\infty, \infty)$
 C. $(-\infty, \infty)$
 D. $(0, -\infty)$



Choose the correct graph for f and f^{-1} below.

- A. 
 B. 
 C. 
 D. 

11. Given the function $f(x) = x^2 - 12, x \geq 0$,

$$y = x^2 - 12 \Rightarrow x = y^2 - 12 \Rightarrow y^2 = x + 12$$

(a) Find $f^{-1}(x)$.

$$\Rightarrow y = \sqrt{x + 12}$$

(b) Graph f and f^{-1} in the same rectangular coordinate system.

$$\Rightarrow f^{-1}(x) = \sqrt{x + 12}$$

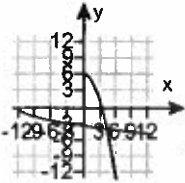
(a) Find $f^{-1}(x)$.

$$f^{-1}(x) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

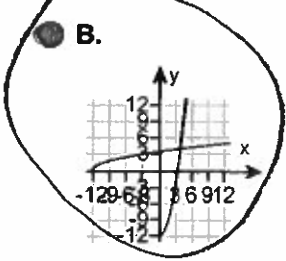
$f(x): D = [0, \infty)$
 $R = [-12, \infty)$ \leftrightarrow $f^{-1}(x)$

(b) Choose the correct graph which shows f and f^{-1} graphed in the same coordinate system.

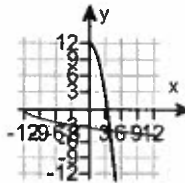
A.



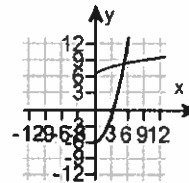
B.



C.



D.



(c) State the domain and range of f and f^{-1} using interval notation.

$$\text{Domain of } f = \text{Range of } f^{-1} = [0, \infty)$$

$$\text{Range of } f = \text{Domain of } f^{-1} = [-12, \infty)$$

12. The functions f and g are defined by the following tables. Use the tables to evaluate the given composite function.

$$f(g(9)) = f(-2) = 2$$

x	f(x)
3	-2
4	0
5	1
-2	2

x	g(x)
-3	-5
3	1
4	2
9	-2

$$f(g(9)) = \underline{2}$$

$f(-2) = 2$
 $g(9) = -2 \rightarrow f(g(9)) = 2$

13. The functions f and g are defined by the following tables. Use the tables to evaluate the given composite function.

$$(g \circ f)(-1) = g(f(-1)) = g(3) = 1$$

x	f(x)
-1	3
0	4
1	5
3	-1

x	g(x)
-4	-5
3	1
6	2
9	-1

$$(g \circ f)(-1) = \underline{1}$$

14. The functions f and g are defined by the following tables. Use the tables to evaluate the given composite function.

$$f^{-1}(g(9)) = f^{-1}(4) = 0$$

x	f(x)
-1	3
0	4
1	5
5	-6

x	g(x)
-2	0
3	1
4	2
9	4

$$f^{-1}(g(9)) = \underline{0}$$

1. x

x

f and g are inverses of each other.

2. $\frac{2x - 45}{7}$

$$\frac{2x - 5}{7}$$

f and g are not inverses of each other.

3. $\frac{x - 2}{8}$

4. $\sqrt[3]{x + 6}$

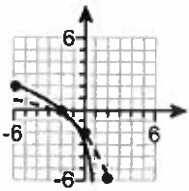
5. $\frac{3}{x - 1}$

6. Yes

7. Yes

8. Yes

9.



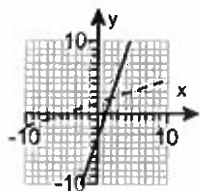
B.

10. Yes

$$\frac{x+4}{3}$$

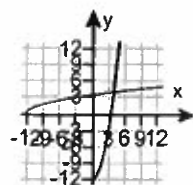
A. $(-\infty, \infty)$

C. $(-\infty, \infty)$



B.

11. $\sqrt{x+12}$



B.

$[0, \infty)$

$[-12, \infty)$

12. 2

13. 1

14. 0
